

Implementing Outcome-Based Quality Measures Using the MDS-HC

UMass Medical School's Center for Health Law and Economics
Marybeth McCaffrey, JD, Principal
Rebecca Laes-Kushner, MA, MPA, Senior Research Policy Analyst
Ann Lawthers, Sc.D., Senior Manager
Kelly Anthoula Love, JD, Senior Policy Analyst

April 13, 2016
World *interRAI* Conference, Toronto

The Long Term Services and Supports (LTSS) Policy Lab is a resource to aid Executive-level decision-makers in program planning, policy evaluation and fiscal forecasting in the LTSS arena and is an outgrowth of UMass Medical School's long-standing partnership with the family of state agencies in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. For more information on the LTSS Policy Lab, contact: Abbie Averbach, Director, Office of Data Analytics, Abigail.Averbach@umassmed.edu or Frederick Perro, Senior Director, Data Management Services, Rick.Perro@umassmed.edu.

Overview

- Need for Outcome Measures for Community-Based Services
- Study Methodology
- Implementing Quality Measures



Need for Outcome Measures for Community-Based Services

- Current measures: process, medical, consumer survey
- Need reliable and <u>objective</u> outcome measures community services
 - Help improve program services
 - Support alternative payment models



Need for Outcome Measures, con't

Measures based on MDS-HC

- Outcome-based
- Validated
- Existing data
- Used in Ontario, Manitoba and Michigan
- Population-level analysis

Research question

Can State use its assessment data to implement *inter*RAI's outcome measures?



Set up analysis

- Map MDS-HC to assessment questions
 - Identify any textual differences between questions (e.g., "last 30 days" vs. "last 2 weeks")

Measure	MDS-HC Question	Corresponding State Assessment Question
Prevalence of unintended weight loss	W24. Unintended weight loss of 5% or more in last 30 days (or 10% or more in last 180 days)	Q.1243 Unintended weight loss of 5% or more in last 30 days
Prevalence of delirium	C3.1. Sudden or new onset/change in mental function -OR- Client has become agitated or disoriented	Q.1148 Sudden or new onset/change in mental function -OR- Q.1149 Client has become agitated or disoriented



Set up analysis, con't

- Create study protocols
 - Link client assessments
 to program enrollment date



- Develop filters (age, target programs, etc.)
- Gain in-depth understanding of how assessments are given
- Utilize iterative process



Analyze results

Response Rates per question (%)

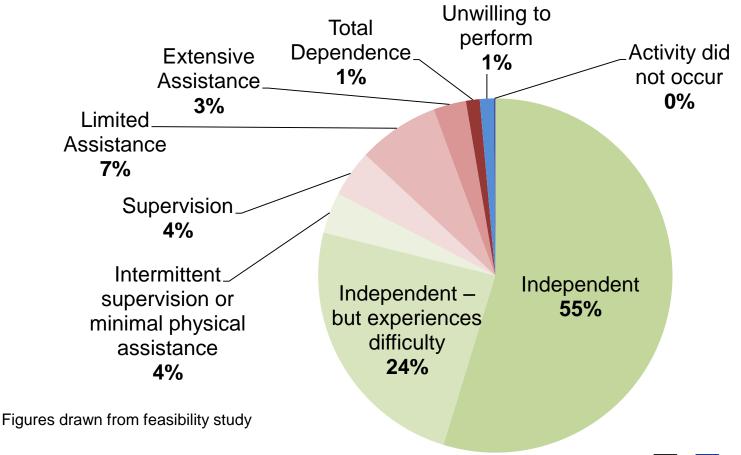
- Overall response rates
- Longitudinal questions
- Response rates overall vs. by program

Response Patterns per question (answer options)

- Examined face validity of patterns
- Compared patterns for low vs. high LOC programs



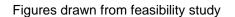
Response pattern for entire population Ability to use the toilet

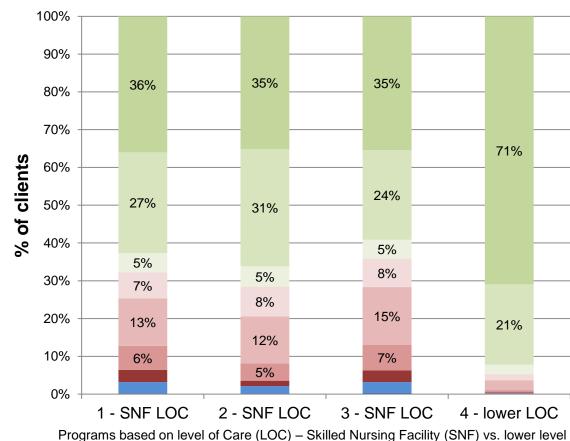




Response pattern by program Ability to use the toilet

- 1. Independent
- 2. INDEPENDENT but experiences difficulty
- 3. Intermittent supervision or minimal physical assistance
- 4. Supervision
- 5. Limited Assistance
- 6. Extensive Assistance
- 7. Total Dependence
- 8. Unwilling to perform
- 9. Activity did not occur







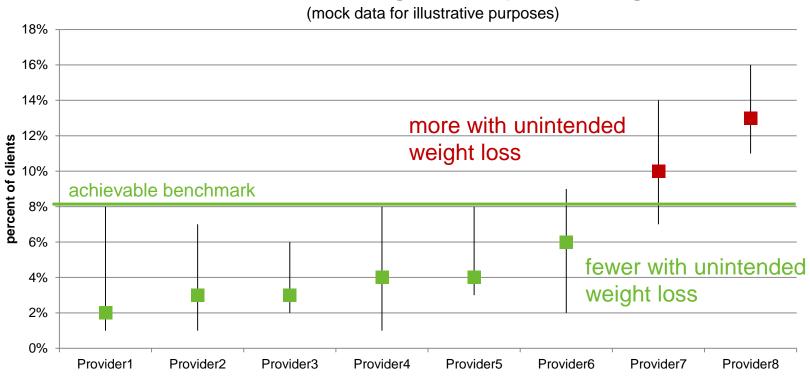
Implementing Quality Measures

- Complete additional data work
 - Apply interRAI's member-level screens (e.g., filter out cancer patients from measure on weight loss)
 - Re-analyze questions overall and by program
- Implement measures
 - 5 ready for use
- Resolve data issues
 - Additional 8 11 measures may be ready after data issues resolved



Potential application: Using quality measures to compare providers

Prevalence of unintended weight loss (rate of negative outcomes)



Boxes show average score per provider; horizontal lines show range of scores with confidence intervals. Green boxes show 75th %ile achievability level. Successful providers can share best practices.



Questions?

Marybeth McCaffrey, Principal Center for Health Law and Economics (CHLE)

University of Massachusetts Medical School

Marybeth.McCaffrey@umassmed.edu

office: (617) 886-8302

cell: (802) 349-3936

